



Towers of strength

4Q/FY22 Earnings Results

March 28, 2023



DISCLAIMER

Forward-Looking Information

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by relevant safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements (or their equivalent) of any applicable jurisdiction, including those contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation may be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "could," "intends," "targets," "projects," "contemplates," "believes," "estimates," "forecast," "predicts," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements contained in this presentation include, but are not limited to statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, including our anticipated results for the fiscal year 2023, industry and business trends, business strategy, plans, market growth and our objectives for future operations. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: non-performance under or termination, non-renewal or material modification of our customer agreements; volatility in terms of timing for settlement of invoices or our inability to collect amounts due under invoices; a reduction in the creditworthiness and financial strength of our customers; the business, legal and political risks in the countries in which we operate; general macroeconomic conditions in the countries in which we operate; changes to existing or new tax laws, rates or fees foreign exchange risks and/or ability to access U.S. Dollars in our markets; regional or global health pandemics, including COVID 19, and geopolitical conflicts and wars, including the current situation between Russia and Ukraine; our inability to successfully execute our business strategy and operating plans, including our ability to increase the number of Colocations and Lease Amendments on our Towers and construct New Sites or develop business related to adjacent telecommunications verticals (including, for example, relating to our fiber businesses in Latin America and elsewhere) or deliver on our sustainability or environmental, social and governance (ESG) strategy and initiatives under anticipated costs, timelines, and complexity, such as our Carbon Reduction Roadmap (Project Green), including plans to reduce diesel consumption, integrate solar panel and battery storage solutions on tower sites and connect more sites to the electricity grid; reliance on third-party contractors or suppliers, including failure, underperformance or inability to provide products or services to us (in a timely manner or at all) due to sanctions regulations, due to supply chain issues or other reasons; our estimates and assumptions and estimated operating results may differ materially from actual results; increases in operating expenses, including increased costs for diesel; failure to renew or extend our ground leases, or protect our rights to access and operate our Towers or other telecommunications infrastructure assets; loss of customers; risks related to our indebtedness; changes to the network deployment plans of mobile operators in the countries in which we operate; a reduction in demand for our services; the introduction of new technology reducing the need for tower infrastructure and/or adjacent telecommunication verticals; an increase in competition in the telecommunications tower infrastructure industry and/or adjacent telecommunication verticals; our failure to integrate recent or future acquisitions; the identification by management of material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, which could affect our ability to produce accurate financial statements on a timely basis or cause us to fail to meet our future reporting obligations; increased costs, harm to reputation, or other adverse impacts related to increased intention to and evolving expectations for environmental, social and governance initiatives; reliance on our senior management team and/or key employees; failure to obtain required approvals and licenses for some of our sites or businesses or comply with applicable regulations; inability to raise financing to fund future growth opportunities or operating expense reduction strategies; environmental liability; inadequate insurance coverage, property loss and unforeseen business interruption; compliance with or violations (or alleged violations) of laws, regulations and sanctions, including but not limited to those relating to telecommunications regulatory systems, tax, labor, employment (including new minimum wage regulations), unions, health and safety, antitrust and competition, environmental protection, consumer protection, data privacy and protection, import/export, foreign exchange or currency, and of anti-bribery, anti-corruption and/or money laundering laws, sanctions and regulations; fluctuations in global prices for diesel or other materials; disruptions in our supply of diesel or other materials; legal and arbitration proceedings; reliance on shareholder support (including to invest in growth opportunities) and related party transaction risks; risks related to the markets in which we operate, including but not limited to local community opposition to some of our sites or infrastructure, and the risks from our investments into emerging and other less developed markets; injury, illness or death of employees, contractors or third parties arising from health and safety incidents; loss or damage of assets due to security issues or civil commotion; loss or damage resulting from attacks on any information technology system or software; loss or damage of assets due to extreme weather events whether or not due to climate change; failure to meet the requirements of accurate and timely financial reporting and/or meet the standards of internal control over financial reporting that support a clean certification under the Sarbanes Oxley Act; risks related to our status as a foreign private issuer; and the important factors discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are based upon information available to us as of the date of this presentation, and while we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements. You should read this presentation and the documents that we reference in this presentation with the understanding that our actual future results, performance and achievements may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements. Additionally, we may provide information herein that is not necessarily "material" under the federal securities laws for SEC reporting purposes, but that is informed by various ESG standards and frameworks (including standards for the measurement of underlying data), and the interests of various stakeholders. Much of this information is subject to assumptions, estimates or third-party information that is still evolving and subject to change. For example, our disclosures based on any standards may change due to revisions in framework requirements, availability of information, changes in our business or applicable government policies, or other factors, some of which may be beyond our control. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. Except as required by applicable law, we do not assume, and expressly disclaim, any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, whether as a result of any new information, future events or otherwise.

Use of Non-IFRS financial measures

Certain parts of this presentation contain non-IFRS financial measures, including but not limited to Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, and Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow ("RLFCF"). The non-IFRS financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with IFRS. Our management uses non-IFRS financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, and RLFCF, to monitor the underlying performance of the business and the operations. Non-IFRS measures are also frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in their evaluation of companies comparable to us, many of which present non-IFRS measures when reporting their results. Non-IFRS financial measures are used by different companies for differing purposes and are often calculated in ways that reflect the circumstances of those companies. You should exercise caution in comparing non-IFRS financial measures as reported by us to non-IFRS financial measures as reported by other companies. These metrics have limitations as analytical tools, you should not consider such financial measures in isolation from, or as a substitute analysis for, our results of operations as determined in accordance with IFRS. These metrics are not measures of performance under IFRS and you should not consider Adjusted EBITDA or Adjusted EBITDA Margin as an alternative to profit/(loss) for the period, or RLFCF as an alternative to cash from operations, or other financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS financial measures described in this presentation are unaudited and have not been prepared in accordance with IFRS or any other generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, the presentation of these measures is not intended to and does not comply with the reporting requirements of any regulatory authority and will not be subject to review by a regulatory authority; compliance with such requirements may require us to make changes to the presentation of this information. Definitions and reconciliations of these non-IFRS measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures are provided in the Appendix and Glossary as applicable. The presentation of LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be consistent with our "as if" estimates. These "as if" estimates of potential operating results were not prepared in accordance with IFRS or the pro forma rules of Regulation S-X promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Furthermore, while LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA gives effect to management's estimate of a full year of Adjusted EBITDA in respect of acquisitions completed in the applicable period, LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA does not give effect to any Adjusted EBITDA in respect of such acquisitions for any period prior to such applicable period. As a result, the LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA across different periods may not necessarily be comparable.

This presentation also includes certain forward-looking non-IFRS financial measures. We are unable to provide a reconciliation of such forward-looking non-IFRS financial measures without an unreasonable effort, due to the uncertainty regarding, and the potential variability, of the applicable costs and expenses that may be incurred in the future, including share-based payment expense, finance costs, insurance claims, net movement in working capital, other non-operating expenses, and impairment of inventory, all of which may significantly impact these non-IFRS measures. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.

Rounding

Certain numbers, sums, and percentages in this presentation may be impacted by rounding.

Use of Market and Industry Data

We obtained the industry, market and competitive position data and forecasts in this presentation from our own internal estimates and research as well as from publicly available information, industry and general publications and research conducted by third parties, including Analysys Mason Limited (Analysys Mason), delivered in August 2022 for use in this presentation. Such market data is derived from publicly available information released by independent industry analysts and other third-party sources, as well as data from internal research, and are based on assumptions made by us upon reviewing such data, and our experience in, and knowledge of, such industry and markets, which we believe to be reasonable. Analysys Mason's third-party data is also prepared on the basis of information provided and views expressed by mobile operators, tower operators and other parties (including certain views expressed and information provided or published by individual operators, service providers, regulatory bodies, industry analysts and other third-party sources of data). Although Analysys Mason has obtained such information from sources it believes to be reliable, neither we nor Analysys Mason have verified such information. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to these estimates, as there is no assurance that any of them will be reached. Forecasts and other forward-looking information obtained from these sources and from our and Analysys Mason's estimates are subject to the same qualifications and uncertainties as the other forward-looking statements in this presentation and as described under "Forward-Looking Information." These forecasts and other forward-looking information are subject to uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors which could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forecasts or estimates from independent third parties (including Analysys Mason) and us.

PRESENTING TODAY



SAM DARWISH

Chairman & CEO



STEVE HOWDEN

Executive Vice President &
CFO



COLBY SYNESAEEL

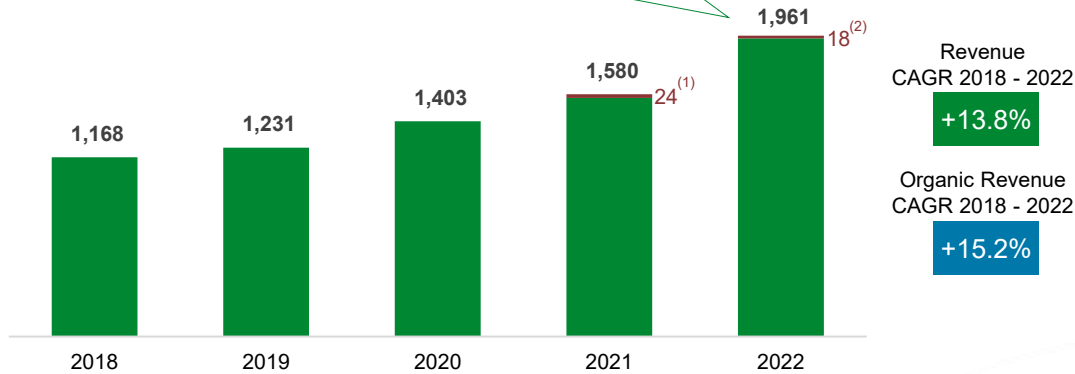
Executive Vice President of
Communications

IHS GROWTH STRATEGY

REVENUE

In US\$M

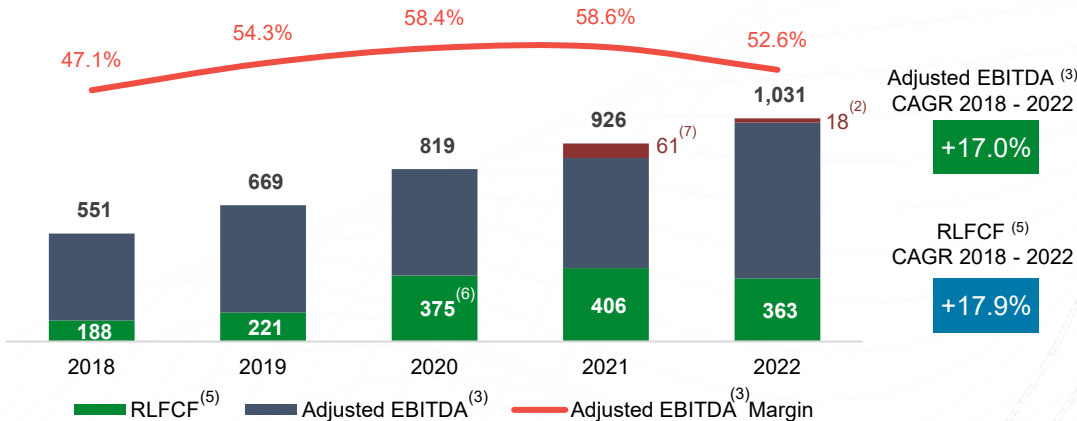
Organic Growth of 19.5% Y/Y
vs. Guidance of ~17% (at mid-point)



- Capitalize on significant growth opportunities in existing markets
- Optimize utilization of existing assets
- Consolidate towers globally in new and existing markets
- Reinforce market positions through innovative solutions and expand the value chain
- Drive attractive profitability and returns to shareholders

ADJUSTED EBITDA ⁽³⁾ ⁽⁴⁾ & RLFCF ⁽⁵⁾

In US\$M

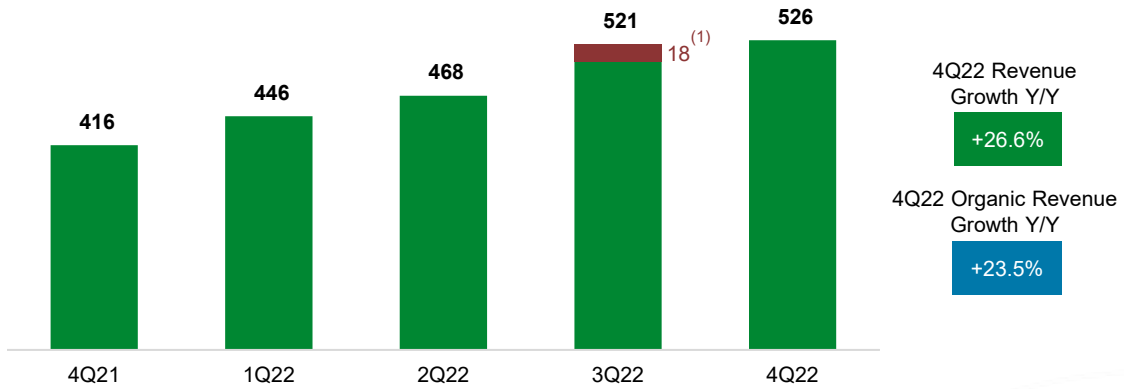


(1) 2021 Revenue includes \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items
 (2) 2022 Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA, and RLFCF include \$18M of non-recurring revenue from a key customer in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items
 (3) Adjusted EBITDA is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS. Please refer to the Appendix for a reconciliation of (loss)/profit for the period, the most directly comparable IFRS measure to Adjusted EBITDA
 (4) IFRS-16 was adopted effective January 1, 2019, and therefore reflected in the financials starting that year
 (5) Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS. Please refer to the Appendix for a reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities for the period, the most directly comparable IFRS measure to Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow
 (6) Reflects tax impact due to loss of pioneer status in the Nigerian subsidiary in December 2019
 (7) 2021 Adjusted EBITDA and RLFCF include \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items, and a reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables of \$37M following completion of a debt settlement with one key customer in Nigeria

4Q22 PERFORMANCE

REVENUE

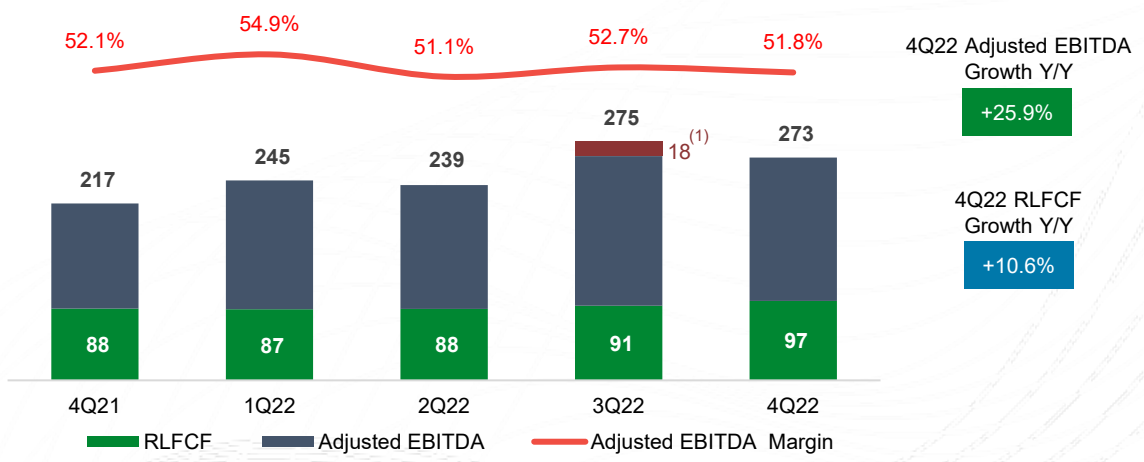
In US\$M



- 4Q22 revenue of \$526M grew +26.6% (organic +23.5%) Y/Y
- 4Q22 Adjusted EBITDA of \$273M (margin 51.8%) grew +25.9% Y/Y
- 4Q22 RLFCF of \$97M grew +10.6% Y/Y
- 4Q22 Adjusted EBITDA and RLFCF Y/Y growth were positively impacted by \$1M from higher diesel-linked revenue net of increase in diesel costs

ADJUSTED EBITDA & RLFCF

In US\$M

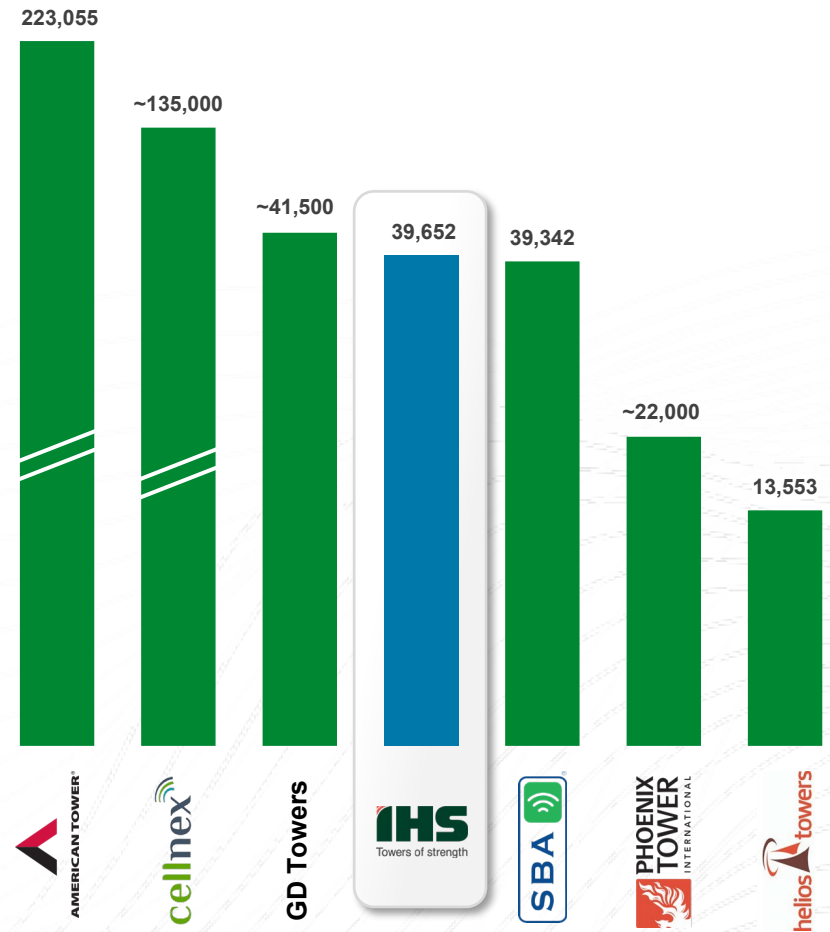


(1) 3Q22 Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA, and RLFCF include \$18M of non-recurring revenue from a key customer in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items

IHS GROUP SNAPSHOT



4th Largest Independent Multinational TowerCo Globally By Tower Count ⁽¹⁾



(1) Tower count as reported as of December 31, 2022, except GD Towers which is as of February 23, 2023. Tower count is pro forma for announced transactions, as applicable

(2) Signed a partnership on October 4, 2021, with Egypt Digital Company for Investment S.A.E. (the largest shareholder of Egypt Towers for Technology Services Company) to obtain a license from the National Telecom Regulatory Authority ("NTRA") to construct, operate and lease telecom towers in Egypt

2022 HIGHLIGHTS



Latam

- In March, acquired GTS SP5's 2,115 towers in Brazil with a nationwide footprint
- Continue to build out I-Systems network; now covers 7.5M homes passed and 18K fiber route kilometers
- Own 7,276 towers across Latam; in 4Q22, generated over \$125M ⁽¹⁾ of annualized Segment Adjusted EBITDA



South Africa

- In May, acquired MTN SA's 5,691 towers and signed a power Managed Services agreement covering an additional ~7,100 sites
- May evaluate additional opportunities for power Managed Services given unprecedented level of load shedding occurring in the country
- IHS is the #1 independent TowerCo in South Africa



Stock Liquidity

- In May, waived registered offering requirement for Block A shares
- In October, Block B shares were unlocked and available to trade through registered offering until April 14, 2023, after which there will be no contractual restrictions on either Block A or Block B shares
- Trailing 90-day ADTV increased to 154K shares as of March 23, 2023, from 122K shares as of May 17, 2022



Balance Sheet

- In October, entered a \$600M Three-Year Bullet-Term Loan and extended the Group Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) maturity from 2023 to 2025
- In January 2023, entered into an up to NGN 165 billion Five-Year Term Loan to refinance existing NGN facilities and an up to NGN 55 billion Three-Year RCF in Nigeria
- Balance sheet remains strong with leverage of 3.2x which is at the low-end of the 3-4x target, and no meaningful maturities due until 4Q25



Upstreaming

- In total, upstreamed \$207M from Nigeria at a rate of ~550 in 2022 vs. \$179M at a rate of ~480 in 2021
- In December, upstreamed \$60M from Nigeria; in January 2023, upstreamed an additional \$15M as part of same structured transaction
- Despite FX headwinds, USD has remained available to IHS for upstreaming from Nigeria



Sustainability

- In October, announced Project Green: the next phase of our Carbon Reduction Roadmap
- Expect \$214M in capex spend 2022-2024 and \$77M in RLFCF savings by 2025, with a 30% IRR
- Aim to reduce Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions intensity per kW by ~50% by 2030

(1) Annualized Latam Segment Adjusted EBITDA was not prepared in accordance with IFRS and was calculated based solely on actual 4Q22 Latam Segment Adjusted EBITDA. This metric should not be construed as an inference or prediction of our actual future results or performance. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information

OUR APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVES IN 4Q22

Ethics and governance

- Conducted **47 Group-wide supplier audits** in 2022 to assess continual compliance with IHS' high standards of integrity
- **IHS Kuwait** received the **Gold Award** in the HSE Excellence category of Facility & Maintenance at the American Society of Safety Professionals (ASSP) – Gulf Cooperation Council HSE Excellence Awards

Environment and climate change

- **IHS Kuwait** increased deployment of solar and hybrid power systems to help reduce emissions
- **IHS Brazil** signed a partnership with the NGO IDESAM to plant **7,900 trees**, which are expected to offset **1,016 tons of CO² (1)**
- Implemented **Carbon Reduction Roadmap** of which Project Green is the next significant step ([LINK](#))

Education and economic growth

- Through their Mission-T app, **IHS Nigeria** delivered STEM education workshops for **507 teachers** and **3,502 students** from **305 schools**
- **IHS Cameroon** partnered with the African Institute for Computer Sciences to deliver computer skills training to **150 secondary school** pupils in Bertoua, East Region

Our people and communities

- **IHS Nigeria** partnered with **USAID** to donate **75,300 HIV rapid test kits** in Kebbi State to support the provision of lifelong antiretroviral therapy
- In Northern Rwanda, **IHS Rwanda** sponsored the construction of two Early Childhood Development Centers caring for **80 children**, in partnership with **UNICEF Rwanda**

OUR STRATEGY

Four-pillar Sustainability Strategy:

- Ethics and governance
- Environment and climate change
- Education and economic growth
- Our people and communities

UN Sustainable Development Goals:

- Alignment with 9 of 17 Goals

Frontline Workers Initiative

- **18 scholarships** granted in second round of assessments: **10 female, 8 male** students from Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire and Nigeria
- Universities include University of New South Wales (Australia), Dundalk Institute of Technology (Ireland), and American University of Nigeria

SUSTAINALYTICS RATING


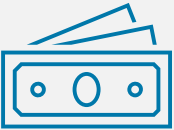


- In February 2023, **IHS received an ESG Risk Rating** from Morningstar Sustainability(2)

- **Our ESG Risk Rating places us in the top 17 percent of all companies assessed by Morningstar Sustainability in the Telecommunication Services Industry**
- Our ESG Risk Rating information can be found on the Sustainability website

(1) The NGO IDESAM initiative is not a part of our Carbon Reduction Roadmap and the related offsetting of CO² is not included in our Carbon Reduction Roadmap carbon emissions reduction goals
 (2) Copyright © 2023 Morningstar Sustainability. All rights reserved. This presentation contains information developed by Sustainability (www.sustainability.com). Such information and data are proprietary of Sustainability and/or its third party suppliers (Third Party Data) and are provided for informational purposes only. They do not constitute an endorsement of any product or project, nor an investment advice and are not warranted to be complete, timely, accurate or suitable for a particular purpose. Their use is subject to conditions available at <https://www.sustainability.com/legal-disclaimers>

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS SNAPSHOT

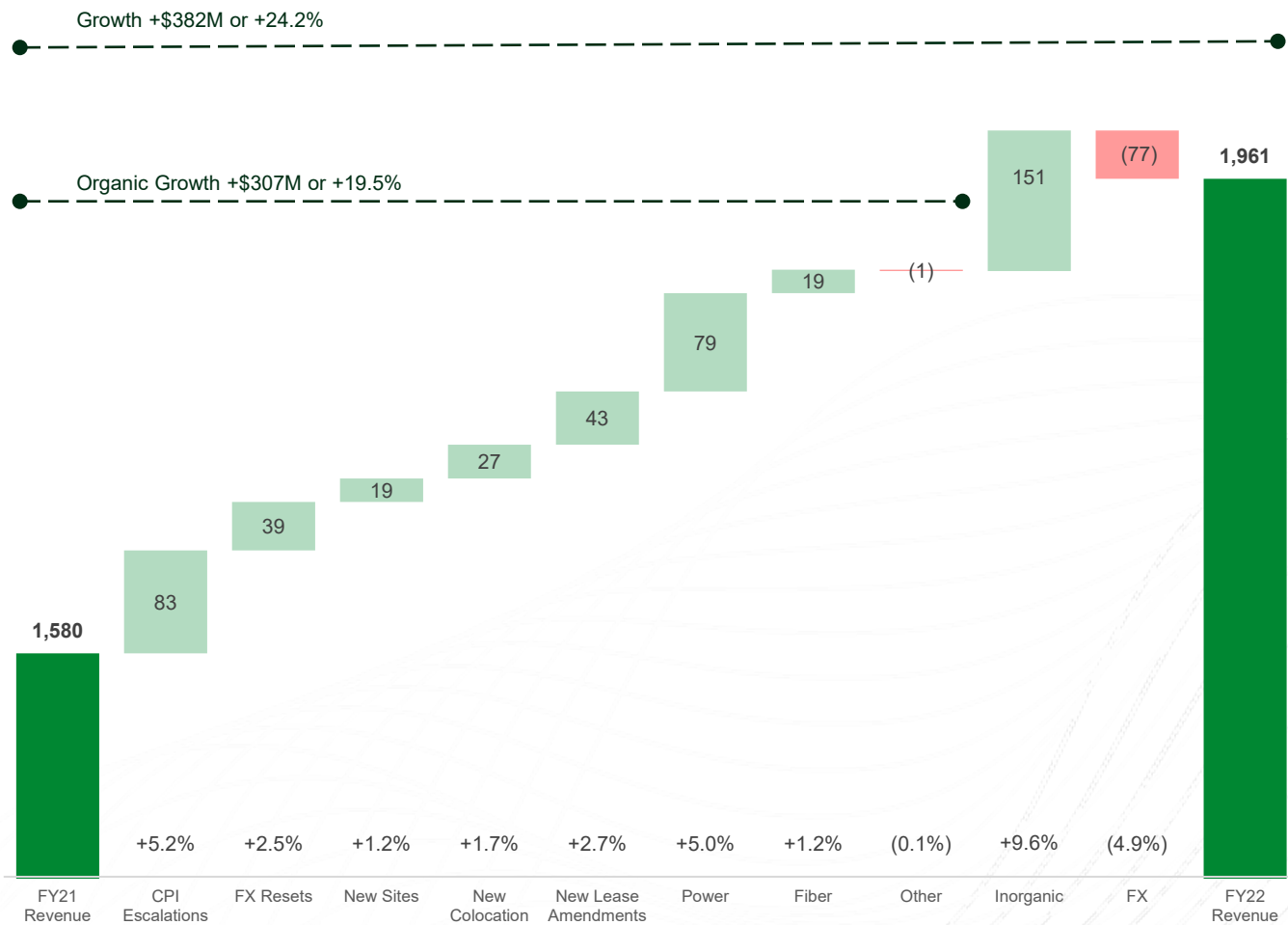
	FY21	FY22	Y/Y	4Q21	4Q22	Y/Y	
	Towers (#)	31,043	39,652	27.7%	31,043	39,652	27.7%
	Tenants (#)	46,414	58,573	26.2%	46,414	58,573	26.2%
	<i>Colocation Rate</i>	1.50x	1.48x	(0.02x)	1.50x	1.48x	(0.02x)
	Lease Amendments (#)	27,124	31,674	16.8%	27,124	31,674	16.8%
<i>In US\$M, unless stated</i>							
	Revenue	1,580	1,961	24.2%	416	526	26.6%
	Adjusted EBITDA	926	1,031	11.3%	217	273	25.9%
	<i>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</i>	58.6%	52.6%	(600 Bps)	52.1%	51.8%	(30 Bps)
	Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow	406	363	(10.6%)	88	97	10.6%
	<i>RLFCF Cash Conversion Rate</i>	43.8%	35.2%	(860 Bps)	40.6%	35.7%	(490 Bps)
	Capex	402	633	57.4%	151	196	29.9%
Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio⁽¹⁾	2.2x	3.2x	1.0x	2.2x	3.2x	1.0x	

(1) Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio is defined and calculated using LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA (see Glossary for further definition), based on the requirements of the indentures governing our outstanding Senior Notes, which are filed with the SEC as exhibits to our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022.

FY22 CONSOLIDATED REVENUE WALK

FY22 REVENUE

In US\$M



+19.5%

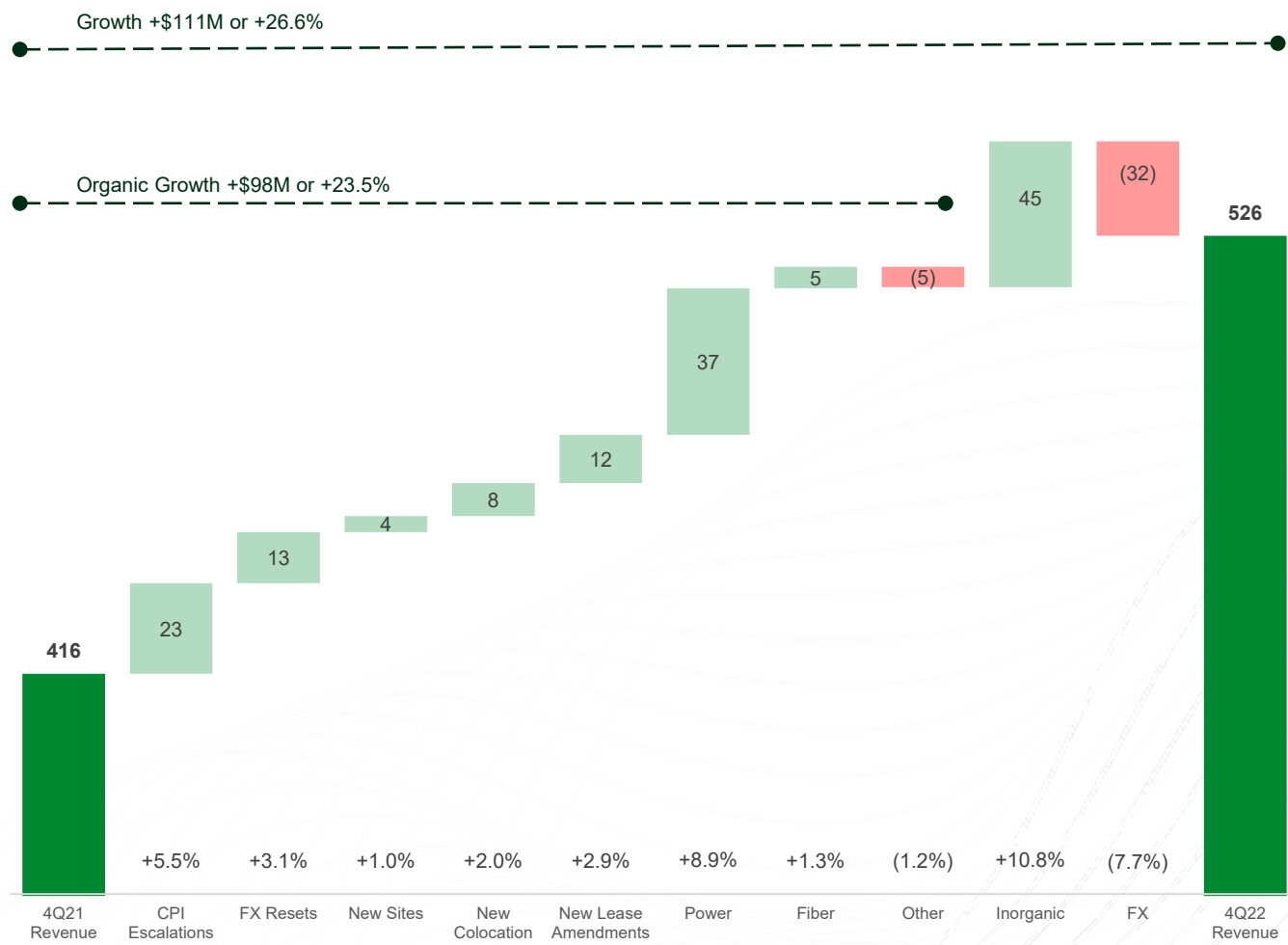
FY22 Organic Revenue Growth Rate Y/Y

- By Segment
 - Nigeria 23.2%
 - SSA 5.2%
 - Latam 32.1%
 - MENA 14.0%

4Q22 CONSOLIDATED REVENUE WALK

4Q22 REVENUE

In US\$M



+23.5%

4Q22 Organic Revenue Growth Rate Y/Y

- By Segment
 - Nigeria 27.3%
 - SSA 9.2%
 - Latam 31.6%
 - MENA 15.1%

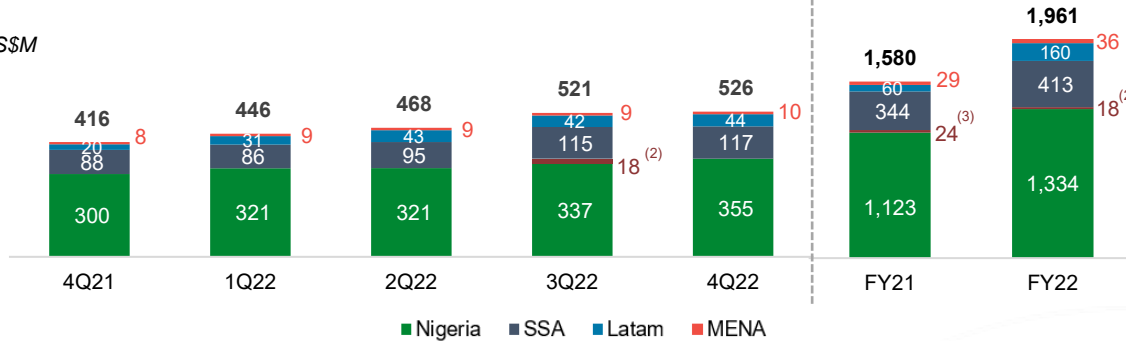
CONSOLIDATED REVENUE AND ADJUSTED EBITDA

REVENUE

Reported Growth Y/Y **+12.1%** **+23.4%** **+16.4%** ⁽¹⁾ **+30.2%** **+26.6%** **+12.6%** **+24.2%**

Organic Growth Y/Y **+14.5%** **+21.5%** **+9.9%** ⁽¹⁾ **+23.1%** **+23.5%** **+16.1%** **+19.5%**

In US\$M



+26.6%

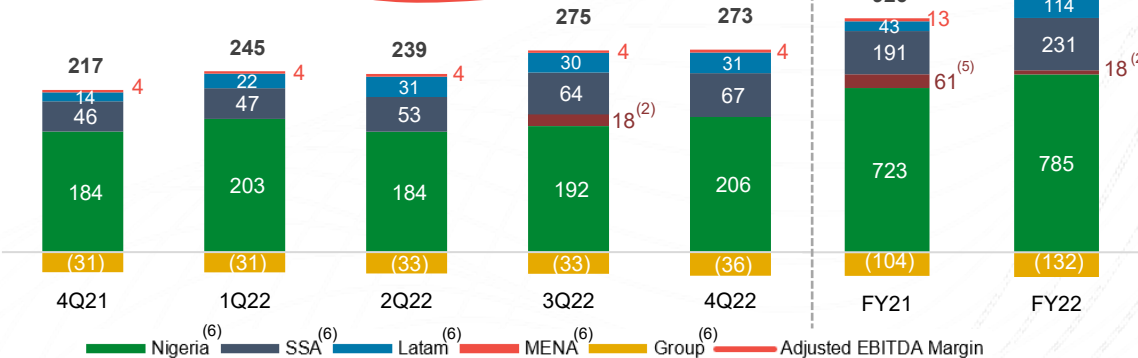
4Q22 Revenue Growth Rate Y/Y

- 4Q22 revenue grew +26.6% Y/Y, of which organic +23.5%, inorganic +10.8%, partially offset by FX (7.7%)
- 4Q22 Adjusted EBITDA grew +25.9% Y/Y
- 4Q22 increase in diesel cost of \$34M Y/Y, more than offset by increase in diesel-linked revenue of \$35M Y/Y
- FY22 revenue grew +24.2% Y/Y, of which organic +19.5%, inorganic +9.6%, partially offset by FX (4.9%)
- FY22 Adjusted EBITDA grew +11.3% Y/Y
- FY22 increase in diesel cost of \$147M Y/Y, partially offset by increase in diesel-linked revenue of \$77M Y/Y

ADJUSTED EBITDA

Reported Growth Y/Y **+0.9%** **+13.9%** **(13.1%)** ⁽⁴⁾ **+25.0%** **+25.9%** **+13.1%** **+11.3%**

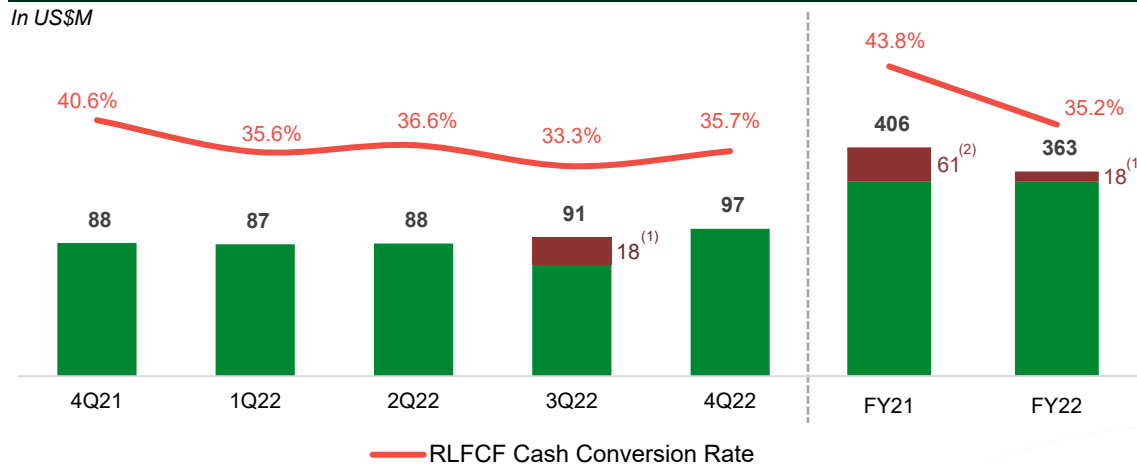
In US\$M **52.1%** **54.9%** **51.1%** **52.7%** **51.8%** **58.6%** **52.6%**



(1) 2Q22 Reported Revenue Growth Y/Y and Organic Revenue Growth Y/Y include the impact of \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customer in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items in 2Q21. Reported Revenue and Organic Revenue growth would otherwise have increased by +23.8% and +16.9%, respectively
 (2) 3Q22 and FY22 Revenue and Adjusted EBITDA include \$18M of non-recurring revenue from a key customer in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items
 (3) FY21 Revenue includes \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items
 (4) 2Q22 Adjusted EBITDA growth Y/Y includes the impact of \$61M of non-recurring items incurred in 2Q21, including \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items, and reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables of \$37M following completion of a debt settlement with one key customer in Nigeria. Adjusted EBITDA growth would otherwise have increased by +11.6%
 (5) FY21 Adjusted EBITDA includes \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items, and reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables of \$37M following completion of a debt settlement with one key customer in Nigeria
 (6) Segment Adjusted EBITDA

RECURRING LEVERED FREE CASH FLOW AND CAPEX

RECURRING LEVERED FREE CASH FLOW

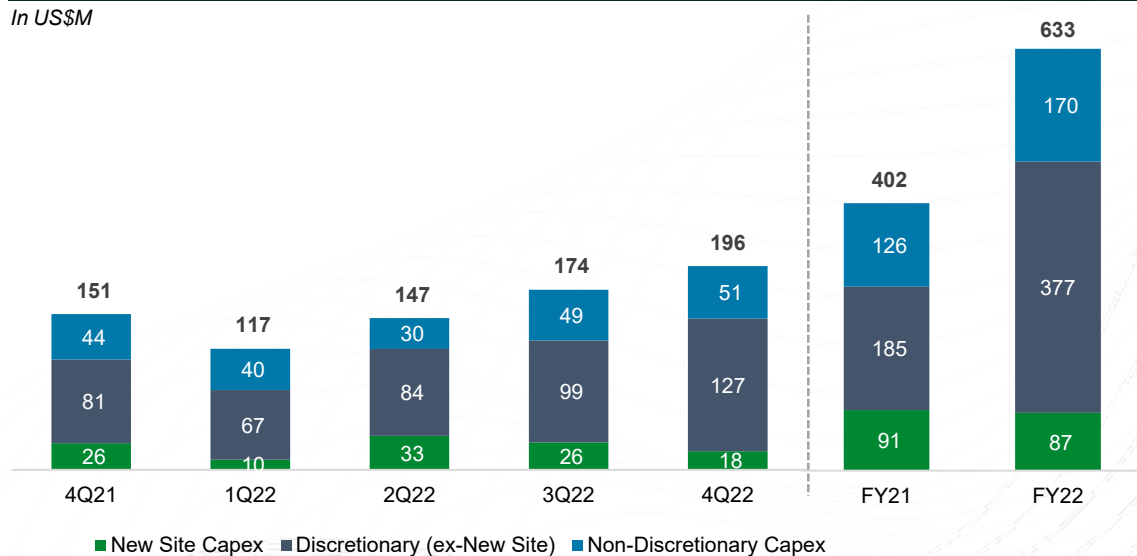


\$97M

4Q22 Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow

- 4Q22 RLFCF grew +10.6% Y/Y
- FY22 RLFCF decreased (10.6%) Y/Y, and was flat Y/Y *excluding* \$61M of non-recurring items in FY21 and \$18M of non-recurring revenue in FY22
- FY22 Capex grew +57.4% Y/Y driven largely by Nigeria (primarily Project Green), Latam (primarily I-Systems), and SSA (primarily in South Africa, post MTN acquisition)
- FY22, spent \$104M on Project Green capex, of which \$61M spent in 4Q22

CAPEX

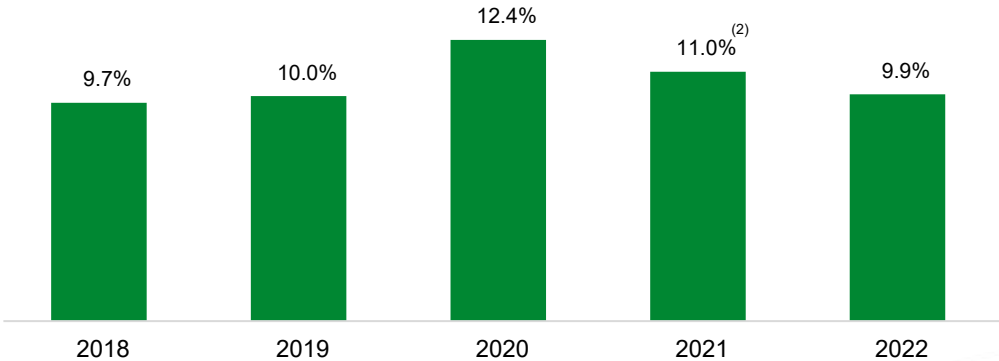


(1) 3Q22 and FY22 RLFCF includes \$18M of non-recurring revenue from a key customer in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items

(2) FY21 Adjusted EBITDA includes \$24M of non-recurring revenue from two key customers in Nigeria having reached agreement on certain contractual items, and reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables of \$37M following completion of a debt settlement with one key customer in Nigeria

ROIC AND CAPITAL ALLOCATION

ROIC ⁽¹⁾



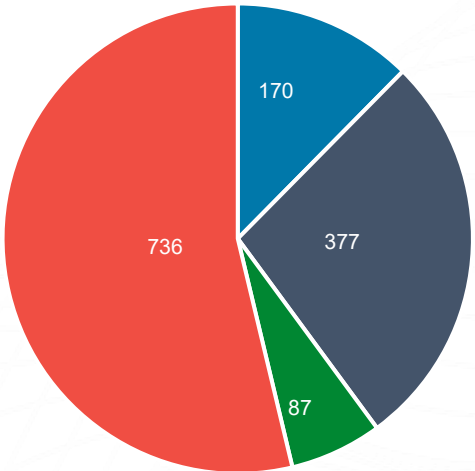
9.9%

ROIC ⁽¹⁾ as of December 31, 2022

- Brazil's GTS SP5 added in March 2022
- South Africa's MTN added in May 2022
- Project Green capex in 2022 was back-end loaded with benefit expected to begin in 2023
- Continued to build out I-Systems network

FY22 CAPITAL ALLOCATION

In US\$M



■ Non Disc. Capex ■ Disc. Capex (ex-New Site) ■ New Site Capex ■ Acquisition

(1) ROIC is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS. Please refer to the Appendix for a reconciliation of ROIC
 (2) 2021 is updated for the provisional purchase price allocation included in our 3Q22 results (refer to our 3Q22 financial results furnished to the SEC on Form-6K)

4Q22 SEGMENT PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue & Segment Adjusted EBITDA In US\$M



Nigeria



Towers	16,854	16,995	0.8%
Tenants	25,621	26,210	2.3%
Lease Amendments	26,334	30,218	14.7%
Revenue	300	355	18.5%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	184	206	12.1%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	61.3%	58.0%	(330 Bps)

SSA



Towers	7,878	13,850	75.8%
Tenants	13,416	21,036	56.8%
Lease Amendments	790	1,403	77.6%
Revenue	88	117	34.2%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	46	67	44.8%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	52.7%	56.9%	420 Bps

Latam



Towers	4,909	7,276	48.2%
Tenants	5,961	9,781	64.1%
Lease Amendments	-	53	-%
Revenue	20	44	118.8%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	14	31	132.0%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	67.5%	71.6%	410 Bps

MENA

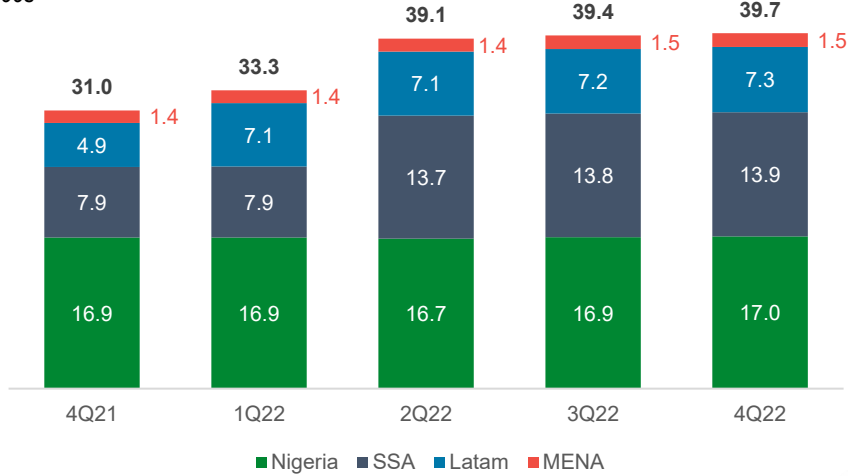


Towers	1,402	1,531	9.2%
Tenants	1,416	1,546	9.2%
Lease Amendments	-	-	-%
Revenue	8	10	16.1%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	4	4	19.6%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	44.9%	46.3%	140 Bps

TOWERS & TENANTS

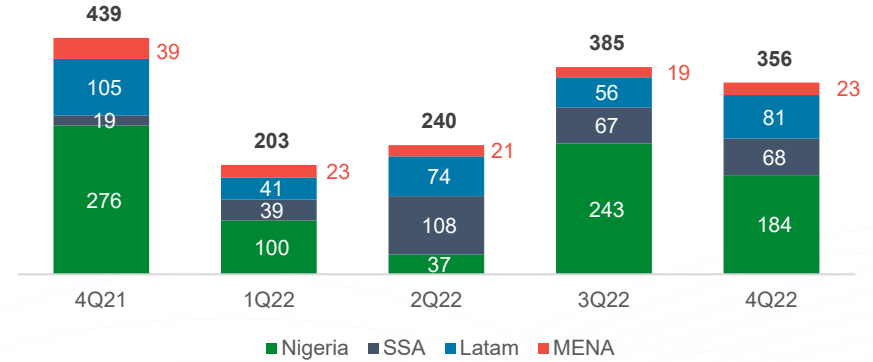
TOWERS

In '000s



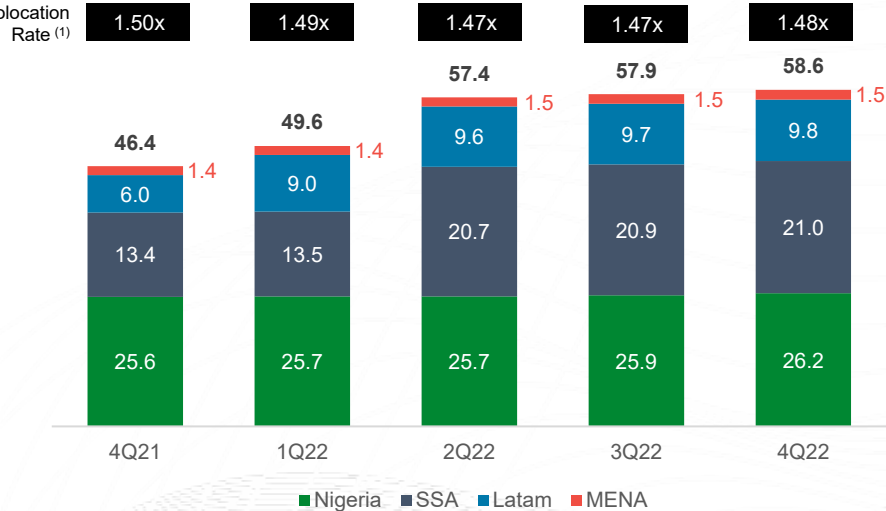
TOWERS BUILT

1,184 BTS in 2022



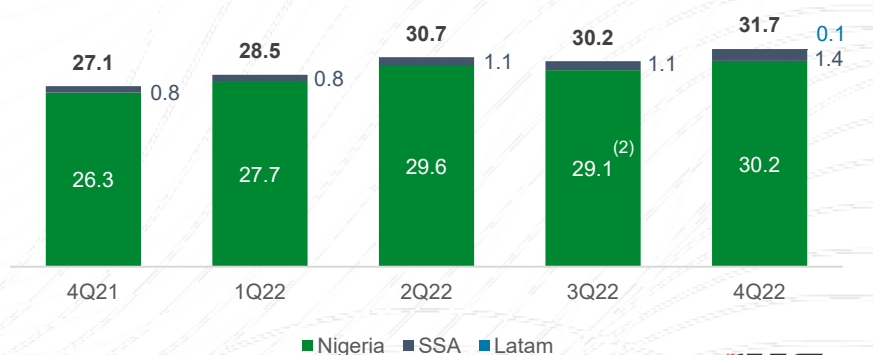
TENANTS

In '000s



LEASE AMENDMENTS

In '000s



(1) Colocation rate excludes lease amendments

(2) 3Q22 includes the reduction of 1,444 Lease Amendments in Nigeria that are billed variably based on power consumption rather than a recurring use fee. Previous quarters not updated for reduction in lease amendments

DEBT AND OTHER MATTERS

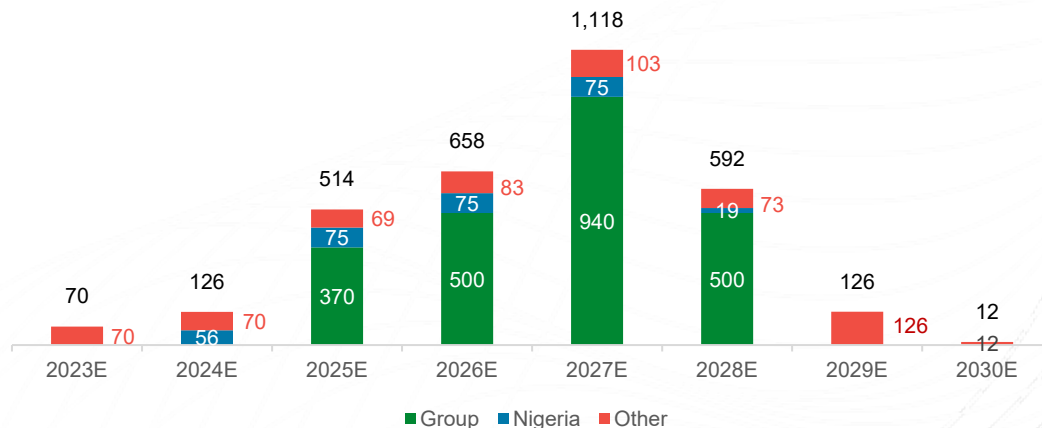
In US\$M

As of September
30, 2022

As of December
31, 2022

8.000% Senior Notes due 2027	940	940
5.625% Senior Notes due 2026	500	500
6.250% Senior Notes due 2028	500	500
Nigeria (2019) term loan	298	191
Other Indebtedness ⁽¹⁾	1,549	1,818
Total Indebtedness⁽²⁾	3,787	3,949
Cash and Cash Equivalents	530	514
Consolidated Net Leverage	3,256	3,435
LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA	1,045	1,069
Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio	3.1x	3.2x

ADJUSTED DEBT MATURITY PROFILE ⁽³⁾



3.2x

Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio as of December 31, 2022

- 8.6% weighted average cost of debt
- 78% of debt linked to hard currencies
- 65% fixed debt vs. 35% floating debt
- Continue to target leverage of 3-4x
- As of December 31, 2022, 6% of cash held in Naira
- In September 2022, extended the Group RCF maturity from 2023 to 2025
- In October 2022, entered a new \$600M Three-Year Bullet-Term Loan
- In January 2023, entered an up to NGN 165 billion Five-Year Term Loan and an up to NGN 55 billion Three-Year RCF
 - Repaid NGN 114 billion of debt including our Nigeria Term Loan and two IHS Nigeria local facilities

(1) Other Indebtedness consists of other credit facilities, IFRS-16 lease liabilities, as well as unamortized issuance costs and accrued interest

(2) Total Indebtedness as of September 30, 2022 has been updated to reflect the remeasurement period adjustments related to the accounting of the MTN SA Acquisition

(3) Maturity profile as of December 31, 2022, adjusted for (i) the drawn portion of the new up to NGN 165B five-year term loan agreement entered in January 2023, proceeds of which were used to repay the Naira tranche of the Senior Credit Facilities (Nigeria Term Loan), the IHS Nigeria Local Facilities, and for general corporate purposes and (ii) the drawing of BRL 80M in February 2023 under the I-Systems Facility. The maturity profile does not assume future drawings under the facilities and assumes FX rates as of December 31, 2022. Figures represent full year impact of debt maturity profile and excludes Letters of Credit

INTRODUCING 2023 GUIDANCE

Metrics	Range
Revenue	\$2,190M – \$2,220M
Adjusted EBITDA	\$1,200M – \$1,220M
Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow	\$430M – \$450M
Total Capex	\$610M – \$650M

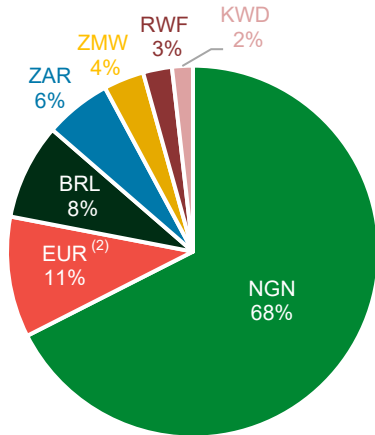
Key Points

- Revenue guidance:
 - Includes ~\$40M non-recurring cash receipt in 1Q23 from our smallest key customer in Nigeria
 - Implies organic growth of ~23% (at the mid-point) or 21% *excluding* the ~\$40M non-recurring cash receipt
 - Includes ~\$25M in pass-through revenue in South Africa
 - ~60bps Y/Y headwind to Adjusted EBITDA margin
- Project Green:
 - Expect to spend \$90-100M in Capex in 2023 which is above initial guidance of \$82M given slight underspend in 2022 and desire to accelerate investment
 - Still expect to spend \$214M in Capex between 2022-2024 and to generate \$77M of RLFCF savings by 2025 (\$22M in 2023)
- Capex guidance includes ~\$30M that shifted from 2022 due to timing
- 2023 new sites of ~1,200 of which ~150 in Nigeria and ~750 in Brazil (triple what we built in Brazil in 2022)

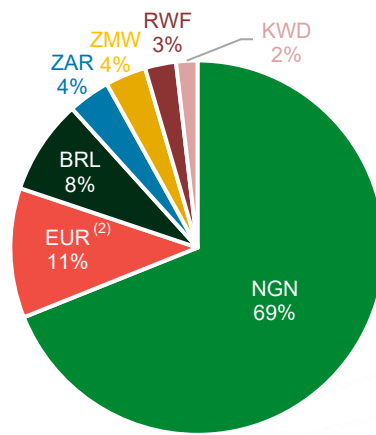
FX OVERVIEW

REVENUE BY REPORTING CURRENCY (1)

4Q22

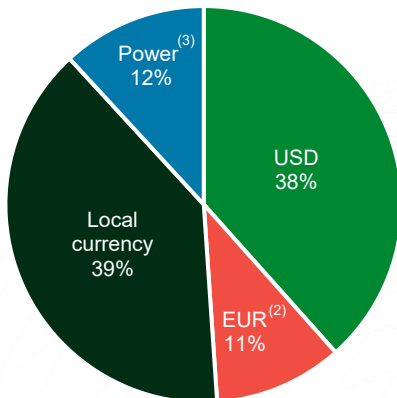


FY22

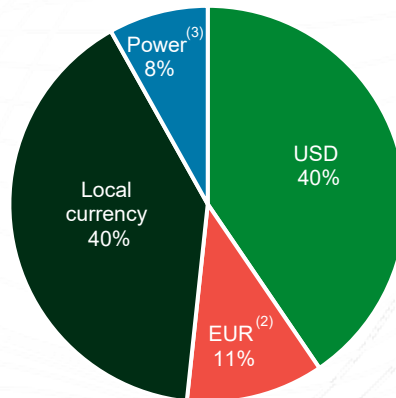


REVENUE BY LINKED CONTRACT SPLIT

4Q22



FY22



FX Rates

Assumed in 2023 Guidance

- 2023 average rates
 - USD:NGN = 500
 - USD:BRL = 5.30
 - USD:EUR = 0.95
 - USD:ZMW = 19.00
 - USD:RWF = 1,100
 - USD:KWD = 0.31
 - USD:COP = 4,850
 - USD:PEN = 3.90
 - USD:ZAR = 17.25
- 2023 average interest rates:
 - SOFR at 4.78%
 - Nigerian rate at 20.00%⁽⁴⁾
 - CDI at 12.75%

(1) COP and PEN represent less than 1% of reported revenue
 (2) EUR represents XAF/XOF as currencies are pegged to the Euro
 (3) Power includes Power Indexation and Power Pass-Through
 (4) The interest rate for the Nigeria 2023 Term Loan per annum is equal to 20% in the first year moving to a floating rate for the remainder of the term. This floating rate is defined by the Nigerian MPR plus a margin of 2.5% and is subject to a cap of 24% and floor of 18%

INDICATIVE FULL YEAR NAIRA DEVALUATION SENSITIVITY

FULL YEAR 10% NAIRA DEVALUATION ⁽¹⁾

Metrics	Impact ⁽²⁾
Revenue	~(\$47M)
Adjusted EBITDA	~(\$25M)
Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow	~(\$8M)

Nigeria's FX Environment

- Our 2023 guidance assumes an average USD:NGN NAFEX rate of 500 vs. 461 as of March 23, 2023
- The numbers on this page represent what would occur if the average rate was 550 (10% devaluation vs. rate assumed in guidance)

FX reset delay:

- There will be an incremental impact of ~(\$20M) in Revenue, Adjusted EBITDA, and RLFCF in the quarter the devaluation occurs, assuming the devaluation occurs on the first day of the quarter

(1) Assumes a 2023 average NAFEX rate of 550 USD:NGN vs. 500 USD:NGN assumed in 2023 guidance
(2) Represents a devaluation impact assuming no delay in FX reset

Appendix

FY22 SEGMENT PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue & Segment Adjusted EBITDA In US\$M

FY21

FY22

Y/Y

Nigeria



Towers	16,854	16,995	0.8%
Tenants	25,621	26,210	2.3%
Lease Amendments	26,334	30,218	14.7%
Revenue	1,147	1,352	17.9%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	784	803	2.5%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	68.3%	59.4%	(890 Bps)

SSA



Towers	7,878	13,850	75.8%
Tenants	13,416	21,036	56.8%
Lease Amendments	790	1,403	77.6%
Revenue	344	413	20.0%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	191	231	20.9%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	55.4%	55.8%	40 Bps

Latam



Towers	4,909	7,276	48.2%
Tenants	5,961	9,781	64.1%
Lease Amendments	-	53	-%
Revenue	60	160	168.0%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	43	114	168.1%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	71.5%	71.5%	Flat

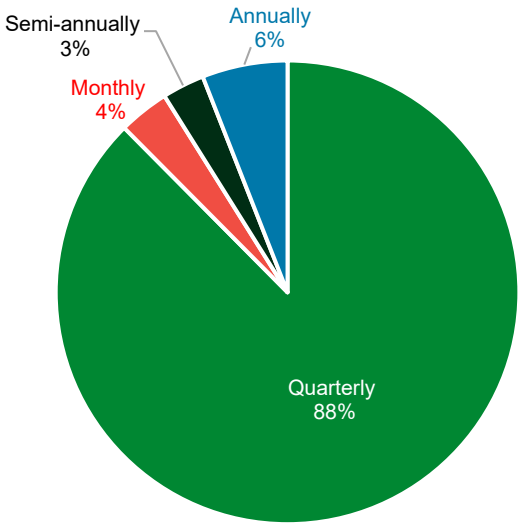
MENA



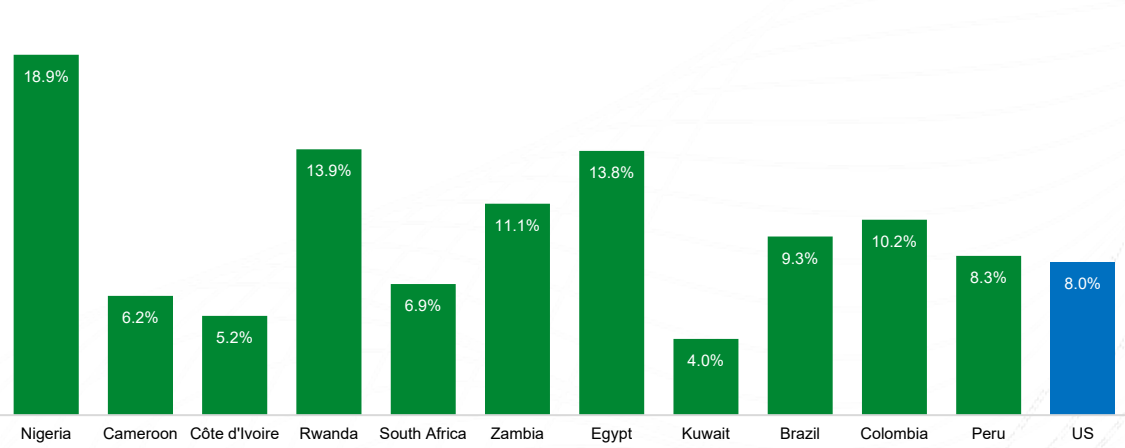
Towers	1,402	1,531	9.2%
Tenants	1,416	1,546	9.2%
Lease Amendments	-	-	-%
Revenue	29	36	22.9%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	13	16	22.4%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	44.6%	44.4%	(20 Bps)

FX RESETS IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS

USD FX RESET FREQUENCY (1)



2022 CPI BY MARKET (2)



FX Resets

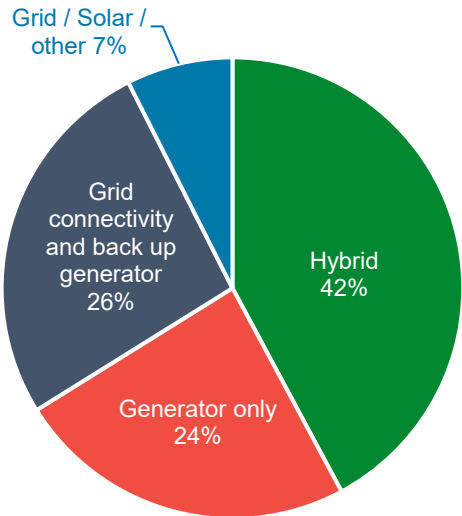
How FX resets work

- A relevant portion of contracts is tied to a “hard currency” including USD and Euro
- We are paid in local currency but, in certain countries, the absolute amount adjusts based on the USD FX rate
 - Illustrative example: Simplistically, if the local currency devalued by 5%, the local currency portion of the invoice linked to USD would increase by 5% to keep the USD value constant, albeit with a timing lag based on frequency and applicable rates of reset
- Escalator for portion of contracts tied to USD is based on US CPI
- Frequency of FX reset varies by contract, with >90% of USD contracted revenue resetting quarterly or sooner

(1) Based on revenue for 4Q22
 (2) CPI adjustments vary across contracts and are based on rates published by local central banks and/or government agencies and can include escalation caps. Rates above provide a general illustration of CPI in markets where IHS operates and do not necessarily reflect the rate used to determine CPI escalators. Rates above are based on publicly available independent sources. Rates represent the full year average

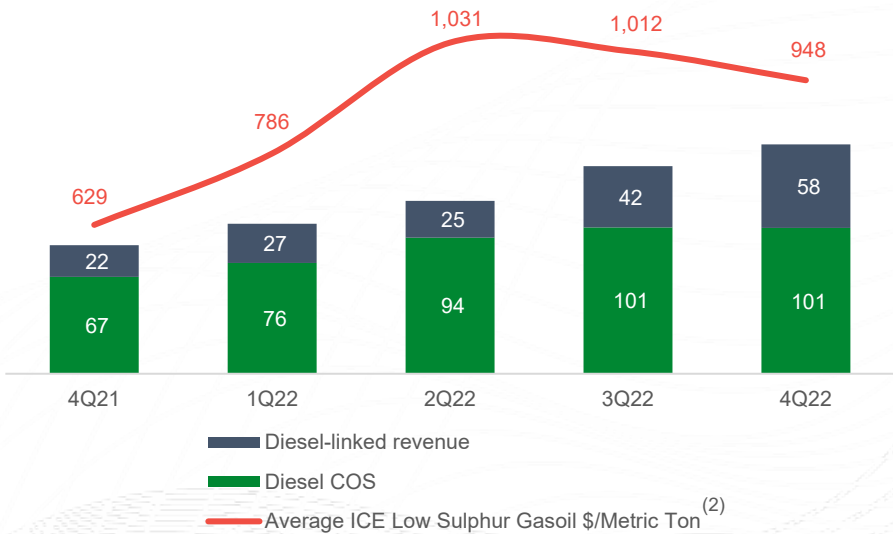
OIL IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS

POWER SOLUTION AS AT DEC 31, 2022⁽¹⁾



DIESEL

In US\$M



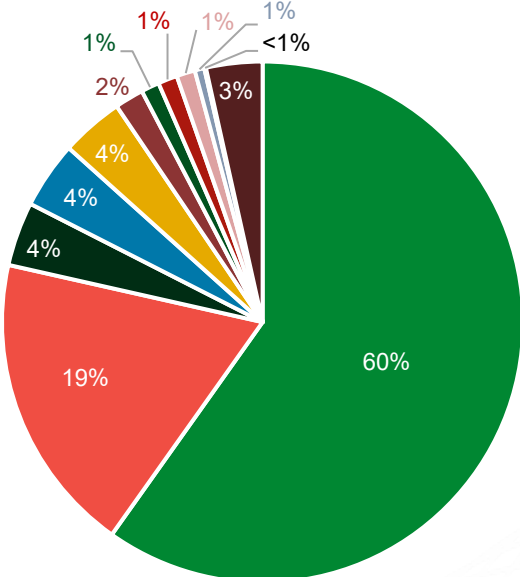
Oil Impact

- For the last several years, IHS has added hybrid (solar/battery) powered solutions. As part of our Carbon Reduction Roadmap, we expect to continue to upgrade a portion of towers in our portfolio, including by adding not just hybrid solutions but also grid connectivity where possible
- We have locked in pricing for a significant portion of our diesel needs through September 2023, thus providing greater visibility to our costs

(1) Power solution for Africa markets only excluding South Africa
 (2) Source: Bloomberg based on average last price of the months in the quarter for ICE Low Sulphur Gas Oil Futures. 4Q21 - 3Q22 based on Nov 2022 futures, 4Q22 based on Jan 2023 futures

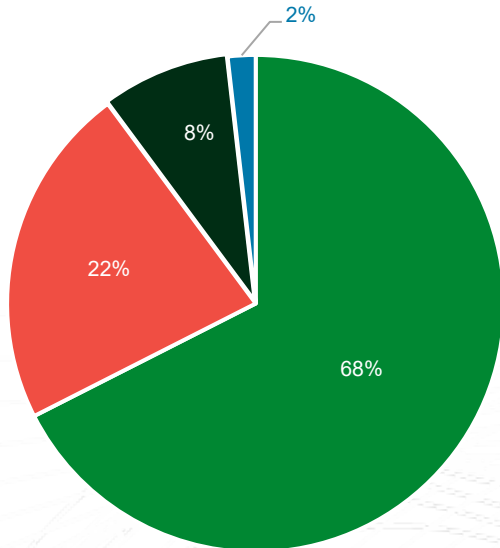
4Q22 REVENUE OVERVIEW

4Q22 REVENUE BY KEY CUSTOMERS



- MTN
- Airtel
- Orange
- TIM
- 9mobile
- Zain
- Claro
- Vivo
- Oi (Fixed)
- Telkom
- Tigo
- Other

4Q22 REVENUE BY SEGMENT














































- Nigeria
- SSA
- Latam
- MENA

Customer Credit Rating⁽¹⁾

	MTN Group	Airtel Africa	Orange S.A.	TIM S.A	9Mobile	Zain	America Movil (Claro)	Telefonica Brasil (Vivo)	Oi S.A.	Telkom	Millicom (Tigo)
Fitch	NR	BBB-	BBB+	BB-	NR	NR	A-	BBB	C	NR	BB+
Moodys	Ba2	Baa3	Baa1	B1	NR	NR	Baa1	Baa3	WR	Ba2	Ba1
S&P	BB-	BBB-	BBB+	B+	NR	NR	A-	BBB-	D	BB	NR

(1) Source: Bloomberg, as of March 7, 2023

IHS MARKET DATA

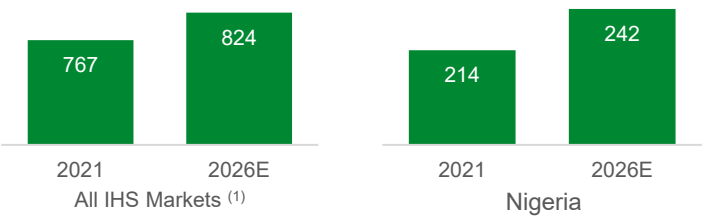
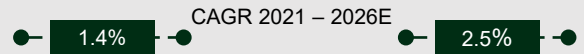
	Towers ⁽¹⁾	Towerco Market Position ⁽²⁾	Towerco Market Share ⁽³⁾	Core Tenants ⁽⁴⁾	# out of # Major MNOs ⁽⁵⁾
 Nigeria	16,995		59%	  	3 out of 4
 South Africa	5,691		52%	 	2 out of 4
 CIV	2,699		100%	  	3 out of 3
 Cameroon	2,279		100%	 	2 out of 3
 Zambia	1,862		59%	 	2 out of 3
 Rwanda	1,319		100%	 	2 out of 2
 Kuwait	1,531		100%		1 out of 3
Africa + ME	32,376		64%		
 Brazil	6,994		14%	   	3 out of 3
 Colombia	228		3%	  	3 out of 4
 Peru	54		1%	 	2 out of 4

Source: Analysys Mason

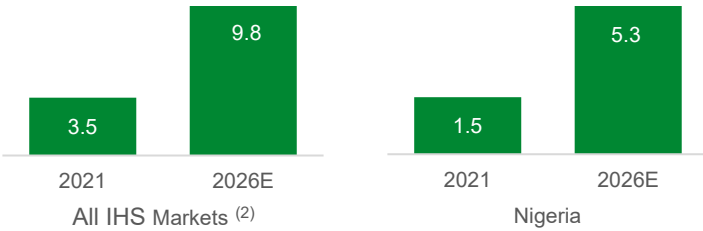
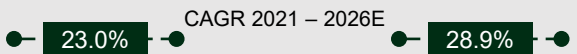
- (1) Tower count as reported and as of December 31, 2022
- (2) Brazil market position excludes proposed sale of Oi towers to Highline which was announced in August 2022
- (3) Market share of independent TowerCos based on June 30, 2022 figures as per Analysys Mason. Gyro is owned by Telkom in South Africa and therefore excluded
- (4) Oi represents Oi S.A.'s fixed wireless business only and is not considered a major MNO in Brazil
- (5) Represents major MNOs for each market in which IHS operates

ATTRACTIVE MARKETS WELL SUITED FOR ORGANIC GROWTH

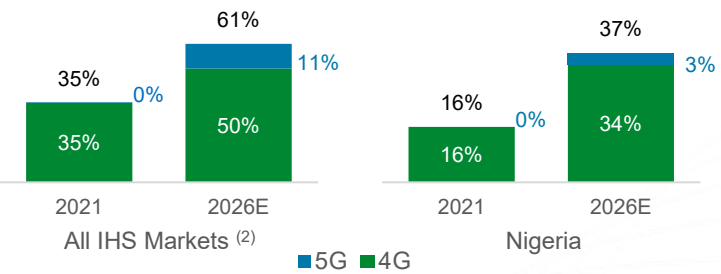
POPULATION (MILLION PEOPLE)



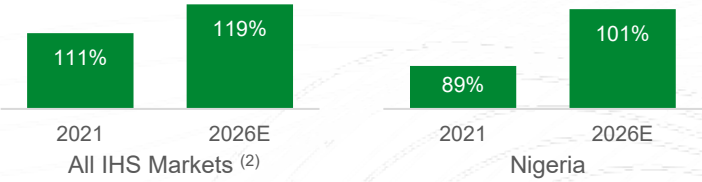
DATA USAGE PER SIM (GB/MONTH)



4G AND 5G PENETRATION



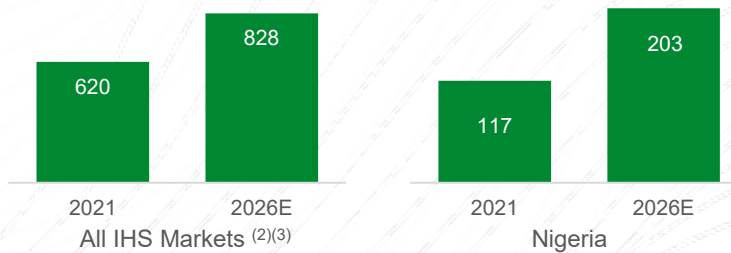
MOBILE PENETRATION



SIMS PER TOWER ('000s)



POINT OF SERVICE ('000s)



Source: Analysys Mason and Euromonitor as of June 2022 (includes information from independent market research carried out by Euromonitor International Limited but should not be relied upon in making, or refraining from making, any investment decision)

(1) Includes Egypt, represents sum of total population in each market
 (2) Includes Egypt, blended average metrics based on IHS Towers number of towers in each market as of June 30, 2022, Egypt tower count based on the commitment to deploy 5,800 towers
 (3) For Peru and Colombia points of presence are used as a proxy for points of service

ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation from (loss)/profit for the period to Adjusted EBITDA	3-month period ended					LTM as of	LTM as of	LTM as of
	Dec 31,	Mar 31,	Jun 30,	Sep 30,	Dec 31,	Dec 31,	Sep 30,	Dec 31,
	2021	2022	2022	2022	2022	2021	2022	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/Profit	(72,280)	15,120	(177,497)	(52,478)	(273,594)	(26,121)	(287,135)	(470,397)
Income tax expense	(49,564)	16,254	16,970	(40,973)	(49,507)	17,980	(57,313)	(73,453)
Finance costs ⁽¹⁾	203,965	192,212	260,897	231,280	301,181	422,034	888,354	872,029
Finance income ⁽¹⁾	(3,492)	(114,967)	(3,895)	(6,412)	(4,790)	(25,522)	(128,766)	(15,825)
Depreciation and amortization	99,702	107,840	114,840	120,141	128,982	382,882	442,523	469,250
Impairment of withholding tax receivables ⁽²⁾	17,412	14,787	12,932	11,422	13,193	61,810	56,553	52,334
Impairment of Goodwill	-	-	-	-	121,596	-	-	121,596
Business combination transaction costs	6,692	8,360	5,679	3,685	2,924	15,779	24,416	20,851
Impairment/ (reversal of imparment) of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent ⁽³⁾	6,744	2,183	(3,514)	3,099	36,389	51,113	8,512	38,157
Reversal of provision for decommissioning costs	-	-	-	-	-	(2,671)	-	-
Net (profit)/loss on sale of assets	(867)	167	13,617	(134)	(10,268)	(2,499)	12,783	3,382
Share-based payment expense ⁽⁴⁾	2,812	3,574	2,051	4,127	3,513	11,780	12,564	13,265
Insurance claims ⁽⁵⁾	(1,424)	(1,150)	(466)	(70)	(406)	(6,861)	(3,110)	(2,092)
Listing costs	15,494	-	-	-	-	22,153	15,494	-
Other costs ⁽⁶⁾	1,399	512	-	966	3,598	15,752	2,877	4,873
Other income ⁽⁷⁾	(9,944)	(20)	(2,501)	-	(63)	(11,213)	(12,465)	(2,584)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁸⁾	216,649	244,872	239,113	274,653	272,748	926,396	975,287	1,031,386
Divided by total revenue	415,614	446,132	467,683	521,317	526,167	1,579,730	1,850,747	1,961,299
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	52.1%	54.9%	51.1%	52.7%	51.8%	58.6%	52.7%	52.6%
Adjustments Related to Acquisitions/Dispositions						22,007	69,597	37,881
LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁹⁾						948,403	1,044,884	1,069,267

(1) Finance costs consist of interest expense and loan facility fees on borrowings, the unwinding of the discount on our decommissioning liability and lease liability, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange losses arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized losses from valuations of financial instruments. Finance income consists of interest income from bank deposits, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized gains from valuations of financial instruments

(2) Withholding tax primarily represents amounts withheld by customers in Nigeria and paid to the local tax authority. The amounts withheld may be recoverable through an offset against future corporate income tax liabilities in the relevant operating company. Revenue withholding tax receivables are reviewed for recoverability at each reporting period end and impaired if not forecast to be recoverable

(3) Represents non-cash charges related to the impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent on the decommissioning of sites

(4) Represents credits and expense related to share-based compensation, which vary from period to period depending on timing of awards and changes to valuation inputs assumptions

(5) Represents insurance claims included as non-operating income

(6) Other costs may include aborted transaction costs; redundancy costs; acquisition start-up costs; site safety, structural integrity and compliance review costs; non-recurring professional and consultancy fees related to financing and/or restrictions placed on bank accounts; SOX and/or IFRS 16 implementation costs; consultancy, facility set up and other related expenses for the Group's finance transformation program; and escrow amounts received relating to the IHS Towers NG Limited acquisition

(7) Other income may include remeasurement of contingent consideration liability related to business combinations; one-off termination fees received from customers; and tax indemnity receipt from a seller relating to a prior acquisition

(8) Adjusted EBITDA is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS

(9) See definition of LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA for an explanation of Adjustments Related to Acquisitions/Dispositions

ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation from (loss)/profit for the period to Adjusted EBITDA					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Loss	(132,770)	(423,492)	(322,682)	(26,121)	(470,397)
Adjustments:					
Income tax expense	46,748	13,518	169,829	17,980	(73,453)
Finance costs ⁽¹⁾	315,942	288,915	633,766	422,034	872,029
Finance income ⁽¹⁾	(23,988)	(36,045)	(148,968)	(25,522)	(15,825)
Depreciation and amortization	317,304	384,507	408,662	382,882	469,250
Impairment of withholding tax receivables ⁽²⁾	12,063	44,586	31,533	61,810	52,334
Impairment of Goodwill	-	-	-	-	121,596
Business combination transaction costs	3,448	3,745	13,727	15,779	20,851
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent ⁽³⁾	6,119	21,604	27,594	51,113	38,157
Reversal of provision for decommissioning costs	-	-	-	(2,671)	-
Net loss/(profit) on sale of assets	2,557	5,819	(764)	(2,499)	3,382
Share-based payment (credit)/expense ⁽⁴⁾	(5,065)	351,054	8,342	11,780	13,265
Insurance claims ⁽⁵⁾	(1,847)	(3,607)	(14,987)	(6,861)	(2,092)
Listing costs	5,221	1,078	12,652	22,153	-
Other costs ⁽⁶⁾	4,990	16,932	310	15,752	4,873
Other income ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	-	(11,213)	(2,584)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁸⁾	550,722	668,614	819,014	926,396	1,031,386
Divided by total revenue	1,168,087	1,231,056	1,403,149	1,579,730	1,961,299
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	47.1%	54.3%	58.4%	58.6%	52.6%

(1) Finance costs consist of interest expense and loan facility fees on borrowings, the unwinding of the discount on our decommissioning liability and lease liability, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange losses arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized losses from valuations of financial instruments. Finance income consists of interest income from bank deposits, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized gains from valuations of financial instruments

(2) Withholding tax primarily represents amounts withheld by customers in Nigeria and paid to the local tax authority. The amounts withheld may be recoverable through an offset against future corporate income tax liabilities in the relevant operating company. Revenue withholding tax receivables are reviewed for recoverability at each reporting period end and impaired if not forecast to be recoverable

(3) Represents non-cash charges related to the impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent on the decommissioning of sites

(4) Represents credits and expense related to share-based compensation, which vary from period to period depending on timing of awards and changes to valuation inputs assumptions

(5) Represents insurance claims included as non-operating income

(6) Other costs may include aborted transaction costs; redundancy costs; acquisition start-up costs; site safety, structural integrity and compliance review costs; non-recurring professional and consultancy fees related to financing and/or restrictions placed on bank accounts; SOX and/or IFRS 16 implementation costs; consultancy, facility set up and other related expenses for the Group's finance transformation program; and escrow amounts received relating to the IHS Towers NG Limited acquisition

(7) Other income may include remeasurement of contingent consideration liability related to business combinations; one-off termination fees received from customers; and tax indemnity receipt from a seller relating to a prior acquisition

(8) Adjusted EBITDA is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS

RECURRING LEVERED FREE CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation of cash from operations for the period to Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow	3-month period ended				
	Dec 31,	Mar 31,	Jun 30,	Sep 30,	Dec 31,
	2021	2022	2022	2022	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash from operations	190,184	166,607	216,800	294,190	289,277
Net movement in working capital	18,190	68,951	22,158	(23,214)	(21,655)
Reversal of loss allowance/(loss allowance) on trade receivables	(3,583)	2,468	(668)	1,597	1,049
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of inventory	138	(138)	-	-	-
Income taxes paid	(4,981)	(16,099)	(23,903)	(6,452)	(4,791)
Withholding tax ⁽¹⁾	(25,618)	(28,144)	(27,837)	(28,854)	(31,312)
Lease and rent payments made	(34,628)	(24,587)	(25,514)	(35,684)	(35,005)
Net interest paid ⁽²⁾	(21,412)	(50,970)	(46,683)	(65,706)	(56,038)
Business combination transaction costs	6,692	8,360	5,679	3,685	2,924
Listing costs	15,494	-	-	-	-
Other costs ⁽³⁾	1,399	512	-	966	3,598
Other income ⁽⁴⁾	(9,944)	(20)	(2,501)	-	(63)
Maintenance capital expenditure ⁽⁵⁾	(42,952)	(39,592)	(29,195)	(48,894)	(48,676)
Corporate capital expenditures ⁽⁶⁾	(1,077)	(288)	(799)	(234)	(2,048)
Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow ⁽⁷⁾	87,902	87,060	87,537	91,400	97,260

(1) Withholding tax primarily includes amounts withheld by customers and amounts paid on bond interest in Nigeria which is paid to the local tax authority. The amounts withheld by customers may be recoverable through an offset against future corporate income tax liabilities in the relevant operating company

(2) Represents the aggregate value of interest paid and interest income received

(3) Other costs may include aborted transaction costs; redundancy costs; acquisition start-up costs; site safety, structural integrity and compliance review costs; non-recurring professional and consultancy fees related to financing and/or restrictions placed on bank accounts; SOX and/or IFRS 16 implementation costs; consultancy, facility set up and other related expenses for the Group's finance transformation program; and escrow amounts received relating to the IHS Towers NG Limited acquisition

(4) Other income may include remeasurement of contingent consideration liability related to business combinations; one-off termination fees received from customers; and tax indemnity receipt from a seller relating to a prior acquisition

(5) We incur capital expenditures in relation to the maintenance of our towers and fiber equipment, which is non-discretionary in nature and required in order to optimally run our portfolio and to perform in line with our service level agreements with customers. Maintenance capital expenditures includes the periodic repair, refurbishment and replacement of tower, fiber equipment and power equipment at existing sites to keep such assets in service

(6) Corporate capital expenditures, which are non-discretionary in nature, consist primarily of routine spending on information technology infrastructure

(7) Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS

RECURRING LEVERED FREE CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation of cash from operations for the period to Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash from operations	554,940	660,025	656,699	788,073	966,874
Net movement in working capital	67,067	18,133	157,765	69,827	46,240
Reversal of loss allowance/(loss allowance) on trade receivables	(50,611)	(27,944)	(13,081)	34,031	4,446
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of inventory	(862)	-	(4,599)	315	(138)
Income taxes paid	(15,723)	(13,396)	(14,540)	(29,147)	(51,245)
Withholding tax ⁽¹⁾	(36,310)	(33,432)	(89,573)	(108,417)	(116,147)
Lease and rent payments made	(76,565)	(74,541)	(65,230)	(104,753)	(120,790)
Net interest paid ⁽²⁾	(158,175)	(157,151)	(162,837)	(160,487)	(219,397)
Business combination transaction costs	3,448	3,745	13,727	15,779	20,851
Listing costs	5,221	1,078	12,652	22,153	-
Other costs ⁽³⁾	4,990	16,932	310	15,752	4,873
Other income ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	(11,213)	(2,584)
Maintenance capital expenditure ⁽⁵⁾	(100,632)	(167,401)	(113,987)	(123,699)	(166,357)
Corporate capital expenditures ⁽⁶⁾	(8,590)	(5,286)	(2,464)	(2,054)	(3,369)
Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow ⁽⁷⁾	188,198	220,762	374,842	406,160	363,257

(1) Withholding tax primarily includes amounts withheld by customers and amounts paid on bond interest in Nigeria which is paid to the local tax authority. The amounts withheld by customers may be recoverable through an offset against future corporate income tax liabilities in the relevant operating company

(2) Represents the aggregate value of interest paid and interest income received

(3) Other costs may include aborted transaction costs; redundancy costs; acquisition start-up costs; site safety, structural integrity and compliance review costs; non-recurring professional and consultancy fees related to financing and/or restrictions placed on bank accounts; SOX and/or IFRS 16 implementation costs; consultancy, facility set up and other related expenses for the Group's finance transformation program; and escrow amounts received relating to the IHS Towers NG Limited acquisition

(4) Other income may include remeasurement of contingent consideration liability related to business combinations; one-off termination fees received from customers; and tax indemnity receipt from a seller relating to a prior acquisition

(5) We incur capital expenditures in relation to the maintenance of our towers and fiber equipment, which is non-discretionary in nature and required in order to optimally run our portfolio and to perform in line with our service level agreements with customers. Maintenance capital expenditures includes the periodic repair, refurbishment and replacement of tower, fiber equipment and power equipment at existing sites to keep such assets in service

(6) Corporate capital expenditures, which are non-discretionary in nature, consist primarily of routine spending on information technology infrastructure

(7) Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS

ROIC RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation of Return on Invested Capital					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/profit	(132,770)	(423,492)	(322,682)	(26,121)	(470,397)
Adjustments:					
Income tax expense	46,748	13,518	169,829	17,980	(73,453)
Finance costs ⁽¹⁾	315,942	288,915	633,766	422,034	872,029
Finance income ⁽¹⁾	(23,988)	(36,045)	(148,968)	(25,522)	(15,825)
Depreciation and amortization	317,304	384,507	408,662	382,882	469,250
Impairment of withholding tax receivables ⁽²⁾	12,063	44,586	31,533	61,810	52,334
Impairment of Goodwill	-	-	-	-	121,596
Business combination transaction costs	3,448	3,745	13,727	15,779	20,851
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent ⁽³⁾	6,119	21,604	27,594	51,113	38,157
Reversal of provision for decommissioning costs	-	-	-	(2,671)	-
Net loss/(profit) on sale of assets	2,557	5,819	(764)	(2,499)	3,382
Share-based payment (credit)/expense ⁽⁴⁾	(5,065)	351,054	8,342	11,780	13,265
Insurance claims ⁽⁵⁾	(1,847)	(3,607)	(14,987)	(6,861)	(2,092)
Listing costs	5,221	1,078	12,652	22,153	-
Other costs ⁽⁶⁾	4,990	16,932	310	15,752	4,873
Other Income ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	-	(11,213)	(2,584)
Adjusted EBITDA	550,722	668,614	819,014	926,396	1,031,386
Lease payments made	(76,565)	(74,541)	(65,230)	(104,753)	(120,790)
Amortization of prepaid site rent	33,435	3,355	4,459	8,321	9,176
Revenue withholding tax ⁽²⁾	(36,310)	(33,432)	(89,573)	(108,417)	(116,147)
Income taxes paid	(15,723)	(13,396)	(14,540)	(29,147)	(51,245)
Maintenance capital expenditure ⁽⁸⁾	(100,632)	(167,401)	(113,987)	(123,699)	(166,357)
Corporate capital expenditures ⁽⁹⁾	(8,590)	(5,286)	(2,464)	(2,054)	(3,369)
Return Adjusted EBITDA (Numerator)	346,337	377,913	537,679	566,647	582,654
Gross property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁰⁾	2,476,815	2,700,132	2,820,519	3,328,495	3,736,078
Gross intangibles	577,798	576,040	843,873	1,026,470	1,270,681
Gross goodwill	530,910	518,392	656,507	780,147	882,579
Denominator	3,585,523	3,794,564	4,320,899	5,135,112	5,889,338
ROIC ⁽¹¹⁾	9.7%	10.0%	12.4%	11.0%	9.9%

- (1) Finance costs consist of interest expense and loan facility fees on borrowings, the unwinding of the discount on our decommissioning liability and lease liability, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange losses arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized losses from valuations of financial instruments. Finance income consists of interest income from bank deposits, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains arising from financing arrangements and net realized and unrealized gains from valuations of financial instruments.
- (2) Withholding tax primarily represents amounts withheld by customers in Nigeria and paid to the local tax authority. The amounts withheld may be recoverable through an offset against future corporate income tax liabilities in the relevant operating company. Revenue withholding tax receivables are reviewed for recoverability at each reporting period end and impaired if not forecast to be recoverable
- (3) Represents non-cash charges related to the impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent on the decommissioning of sites.
- (4) Represents credits and expense related to share-based compensation, which vary from period to period depending on timing of awards and changes to valuation inputs assumptions
- (5) Represents insurance claims included as non-operating income.
- (6) Other costs may include aborted transaction costs; redundancy costs; acquisition start-up costs; site safety, structural integrity and compliance review costs; non-recurring professional and consultancy fees related to financing and/or restrictions placed on bank accounts; SOX and/or IFRS 16 implementation costs; consultancy, facility set up and other related expenses for the Group's finance transformation program; and escrow amounts received relating to the IHS Towers NG Limited acquisition
- (7) Other income may include remeasurement of contingent consideration liability related to business combinations; one-off termination fees received from customers; and tax indemnity receipt from a seller relating to a prior acquisition
- (8) We incur capital expenditures in relation to the maintenance of our towers, which is non-discretionary in nature and required in order for us to optimally run our portfolio and to perform in line with our service level agreements with customers. Maintenance capital expenditures includes the periodic repair, refurbishment and replacement of tower and power equipment at existing sites to keep such assets in service.
- (9) Corporate capital expenditures, which are non-discretionary in nature, consist primarily of routine spending on information technology infrastructure
- (10) Excludes the cost of right-of-use assets resulting from leases accounted for under IFRS 16
- (11) ROIC is a measure not presented in accordance with IFRS. 2021 is updated for the provisional purchase price allocation included in the 3Q22 results (refer to our 3Q22 financial results furnished to the SEC on Form 6-K).

CURRENCY OVERVIEW

Currency	Average					Period End Spot						
	FY21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	FY22	FY21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	FY22
Nigeria (Naira) – USD:NGN NAFEX	410	417	419	431	446	428	435	417	425	437	462	462
European Union (Euro) – USD:EUR	0.85	0.89	0.94	0.99	0.98	0.95	0.88	0.90	0.95	1.04	0.94	0.94
Zambia (Kwacha) – USD:ZMW	20.01	17.75	17.19	16.07	16.66	16.92	16.65	18.03	17.14	15.79	18.07	18.07
Rwanda (Franc) – USD:RWF	989	1,014	1,021	1,032	1,054	1,030	1,009	1,018	1,024	1,042	1,071	1,071
Kuwait (Dinar) – USD:KWD	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31
Brazil (Real) – USD:BRL	5.39	5.24	4.92	5.24	5.25	5.16	5.58	4.75	5.25	5.39	5.22	5.22
Colombia (Peso) – USD:COP	3,740	3,914	3,914	4,374	4,807	4,252	4,024	3,748	4,090	4,532	4,810	4,810
Peru (Sol) – USD:PEN	3.88	3.81	3.75	3.89	3.90	3.84	3.97	3.73	3.79	3.97	3.81	3.81
South Africa (Rand) – USD:ZAR ⁽¹⁾	14.79	15.23	15.53	17.01	17.64	16.35	15.94	14.47	16.13	18.02	16.98	16.98

(1) MTN South Africa acquisition closed in 2Q22

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adjusted EBITDA: Profit/(loss) for the period, before income tax expense/(benefit), finance costs and income, depreciation and amortization, impairment of withholding tax receivables, business combination transaction costs, impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent on the decommissioning of sites, reversal of provision for decommissioning costs, net (profit)/loss on sale of assets, share-based payment (credit)/expense, insurance claims, listing costs and certain other items that management believes are not indicative of the core performance of our business. The most directly comparable IFRS measure to Adjusted EBITDA is our profit/(loss) for the period. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be an alternative measure of operating income or gross profit margin as determined in accordance with IFRS. The amounts calculated in respect of Adjusted EBITDA are aligned with amounts calculated under Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the indentures relating to our Senior Notes), the latter of which is used to determine compliance with certain covenants under our Senior Notes.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin: Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue for the applicable period, expressed as a percentage.

Capital Expenditure (“Capex”): Property, plant and equipment, and software additions (including advance payments for such additions).

Colocation Rate: Refers to the average number of Tenants per Tower across our portfolio at a given point in time. We calculate the Colocation Rate by dividing the total number of Tenants across our portfolio by the total number of Towers across our portfolio at a given time.

Consolidated Net Leverage: The sum, expressed in U.S. dollars, of the aggregate outstanding indebtedness of IHS Holding Limited and its restricted subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio: Ratio of consolidated net leverage to Consolidated EBITDA for the most recently ended four consecutive fiscal quarters, as further adjusted for acquisitions and dispositions based on the requirements of the indentures governing our outstanding Senior Notes. The amounts calculated in respect of Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the indentures relating to our Senior Notes) are aligned with amounts calculated under Adjusted EBITDA, as defined above.

Green House Gas Emissions (“GHG” or “Emissions”): The sum of emissions of carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) gases originated from human activity.

Gross Debt: Borrowings as stated on the statement of financial position plus lease liabilities as stated on the statement of financial position.

Group: IHS Holding Limited and each of its direct and indirect subsidiaries.

Internal Rate of Return (“IRR”): The expected rate of return.

kWh Emissions Intensity: The number of grams of carbon dioxide it takes to make one unit of electricity at one kilowatt per hour (kW/hour).

Inorganic Revenue: Inorganic revenue captures the impact on revenue from existing Tenants of new tower portfolios or businesses that we have acquired since the beginning of the prior period (except as described in the organic revenue). Where tower portfolios or businesses were acquired during the current period under review, inorganic revenue is calculated as the revenue contribution from those acquisitions in their “at acquisition” state (measured as the local currency revenue generated during the first full month following the acquisition) in the current period. This treatment continues for 12 months following acquisition.

Latam: Refers to our business segment that includes our markets in Latin America, which currently are Brazil, Colombia and Peru.

Lease Amendments: Refers to the installation of additional equipment on a site or the provision of certain ancillary services for an existing Tenant, for which we charge our customers a recurring lease fee.

LTM Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA for the most recently ended four consecutive fiscal quarters.

LTM Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA for the applicable four consecutive fiscal quarters as further adjusted to give pro forma effect (as determined in good faith by management and may, with respect to acquisitions, include anticipated cost synergies and expense and cost reductions) to any acquisitions or dispositions made in such period as if such acquisitions or dispositions had been completed on the first day of such period, based on the requirements of the indentures governing our outstanding Senior Notes, which are filed with the SEC as exhibits to our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed March 28, 2023 (“Adjustments Related to Acquisitions/Dispositions”).

MENA: Refers to our business segment that includes our markets in the Middle East and North Africa region, which currently are Egypt and Kuwait.

Net Debt: Gross debt less cash and cash equivalents at a stated statement of financial position date.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Non-core Revenue: Non-core captures the impact of movements in foreign exchange rates on the translation of the results of our local operations from their local functional currency into U.S. dollars, which is measured by the difference in U.S. dollars between (i) revenue in local currency converted at the average foreign exchange rate for that period and (ii) revenue in local currency converted at the average foreign exchange rate for the prior period. This foreign currency impact is then partially compensated for in subsequent periods by foreign exchange reset mechanisms, which are captured in organic revenue.

Organic Revenue: Organic revenue captures the performance of our existing business without the impact of new tower portfolios or businesses acquired since the beginning of the prior year period (except as described in the inorganic revenue). Specifically, organic revenue captures the impact of (i) new Colocation and Lease Amendments; (ii) changes in pricing including from contractual lease fee escalation, power indexation and foreign exchange resets; (iii) new site construction, (iv) fiber connectivity and (v) any impact of Churn and decommissioning. In the case of an acquisition of new tower portfolios or businesses, the impact of any incremental revenue after the date of acquisition from new colocation and Lease Amendments or changes in pricing on the Towers acquired, including from contractual lease fee escalation and foreign exchange resets, is also captured within organic revenue.

Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow (“RLFCF”): Cash flows from operating activities, before certain items of income or expenditure that management believes are not indicative of the core performance of our business (to the extent that these items of income and expenditure are included within cash flow from operating activities), and after taking into account loss allowances on trade receivables, impairment of inventory, net working capital movements, net interest paid or received, revenue withholding tax, income taxes paid, lease payments made, maintenance capital expenditures, and routine corporate capital expenditures.

Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow Cash Conversion Rate: Recurring Levered Free Cash Flow divided by Adjusted EBITDA, expressed as a percentage.

Return on Invested Capital (“ROIC”): We measure our return on invested capital by looking at Return Adjusted EBITDA for the period, which we define as Adjusted EBITDA further adjusted for lease payments made and amortization of prepaid site rent, less revenue withholding tax, income taxes paid, maintenance capital expenditures and routine capital expenditures, as a function of gross property, plant and equipment, gross intangibles and gross goodwill, as of the end of the period. Management uses this metric in order to measure the effectiveness of our capital allocation strategy, in a manner similar to metrics calculated by peers in the industry. Return Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure defined by IFRS, and other companies may calculate Return Adjusted EBITDA or return on invested capital, differently. As a result, investors should not consider Return Adjusted EBITDA in isolation from, or as a substitute analysis for, our results of operations as determined in accordance with IFRS.

Scope 1 Emissions: Direct GHG emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by IHS, for example, emissions from combustion in our towers, building diesel generators, LPG, natural gas, refrigerants, vehicle, petrol/diesel, and emissions from chemical production in process equipment.

Scope 2 Emissions: Indirect GHG emissions from the generation of purchased electricity consumed by IHS, including emissions from tower grid electricity and office consumption. Scope 2 emissions physically occur at the grid sites where electricity is generated.

Segment Adjusted EBITDA: Profit/(loss) for the period before income tax expense/(benefit), finance costs and income, depreciation and amortization, impairment of withholding tax receivables, business combination transaction costs, impairment of property, plant and equipment and related prepaid land rent on the decommissioning of sites, net (profit)/loss on sale of assets, share-based payment (credit)/expense, insurance claims, provisions for bad or doubtful debts related to one Key Customer as a result of its restructuring, listing costs and certain other items that management believes are not indicative of the core performance of its business.

Senior Notes: The (a) 8.000% Senior Notes due 2027 issued by IHS Netherlands Holdco B.V., (b) 5.625% Senior Notes due 2026 issued by IHS Holding Limited and (c) 6.250% Senior Notes due 2028 issued by IHS Holding Limited, issued pursuant to indentures which are filed with the SEC as exhibits to our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed March 28, 2023.

SSA: Refers to our business segment that includes our markets in the sub-Saharan region of Africa, which currently are Cameroon, Cote d'Ivoire, Rwanda, South Africa and Zambia.

Tenants: Refers to the number of distinct customers who have leased space on each Tower across our portfolio. For example, if one customer had leased tower space on five of our Towers, we would have five tenants.

Towers: Refers to ground-based towers, rooftop and wall-mounted towers, cell poles, in-building solutions, small cells, distributed antenna systems and cells-on-wheels, each of which is deployed to support wireless transmission equipment. We measure the number of Towers in our portfolio at a given time by counting the number of Towers that we own or operate with at least one Tenant. The number of Towers in our portfolio excludes any towers for which we provide managed services.



Towers of strength